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INFRARED IMAGING SPECTROMETER

**Comparison of MODTRAN 4.x Modeled
Radiance with AVIRIS Measured Radiance
in the Solar Reflected Spectrum**

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focus of talk

- ◆ description of AVIRIS instrument
 - imaging spectrometer
- ◆ in-flight radiometric cal technique
 - implications for MODTRAN
- ◆ results using MODTRAN3
- ◆ results using MODTRAN4
- ◆ analysis and comparison



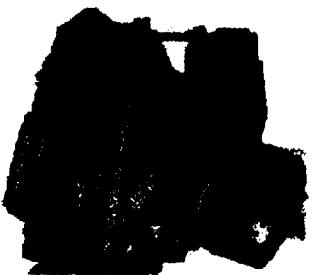
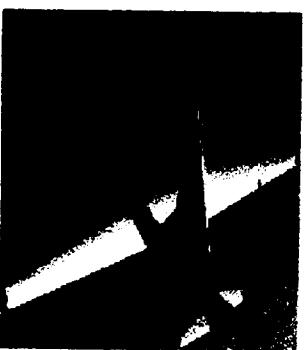
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AVIRIS instrument



- ◆ imaging spectrometer on ER-2 platform
- ◆ 224 channels between 370 and 2500nm
(~10nm resolution)
- ◆ sufficient resolution to examine MODTRAN's modeling of some gas absorptions in the solar reflected spectrum

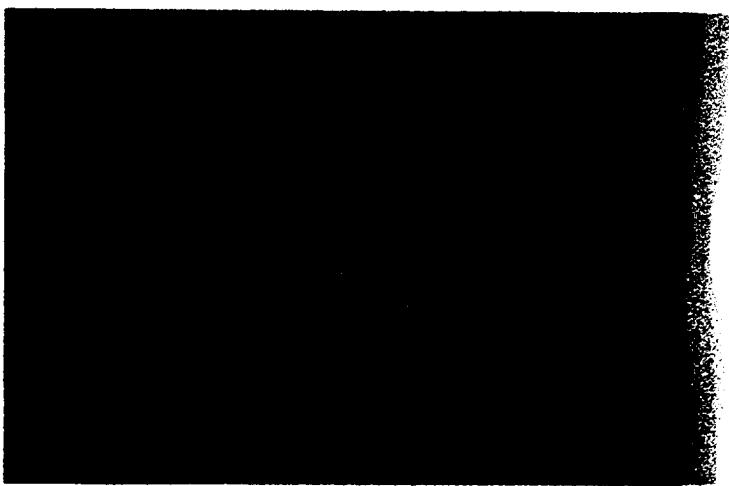


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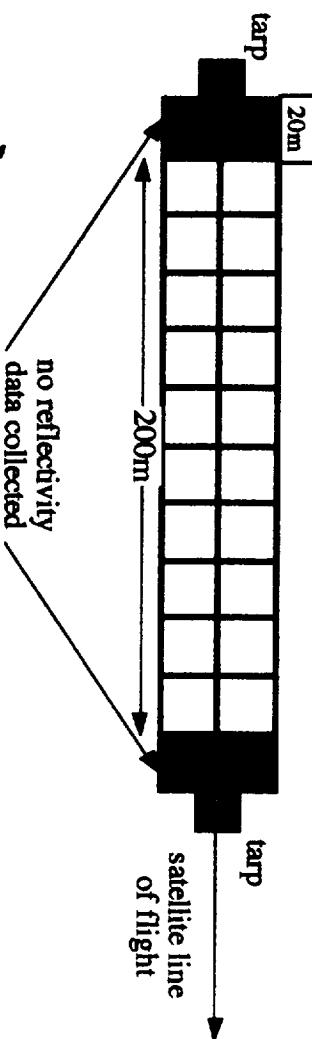
sites for radiometric calibration

- ◆ large extent
 - several km in dimension
- ◆ bright
 - 40% reflectivity typical of playas
- ◆ spectrally "flat"
- ◆ spatially homogeneous



in-flight radiometric calibration

- ◆ choose homogeneous region of playa
- ◆ measure reflectance of playa with portable spectrometer in target area
- ◆ locate target region in AVIRIS image
- ◆ **correct AVIRIS data for atmospheric effects to derive reflectance**
- ◆ compare results from two techniques



deriving reflectance

- ◆ from ASD spectroradiometer data
 - $\rho_{ASD} = \rho_{Spectralon} \cdot \frac{DN(\text{playa})}{DN(\text{Spectralon})}$
- ◆ from AVIRIS data
 - sun photometer instrument: visibility
 - iterate MODTRAN to get water vapor
 - $\rho_{AVIRIS} = \frac{\text{radiance}_{AVIRIS} - \text{radiance}(\rho = 0)_{\text{MODTRAN}}}{\text{radiance}(\rho = 1)_{\text{MODTRAN}} - \text{radiance}(\rho = 0)_{\text{MODTRAN}}}$
- ◆ two radiance values compared



MODTRAN inputs

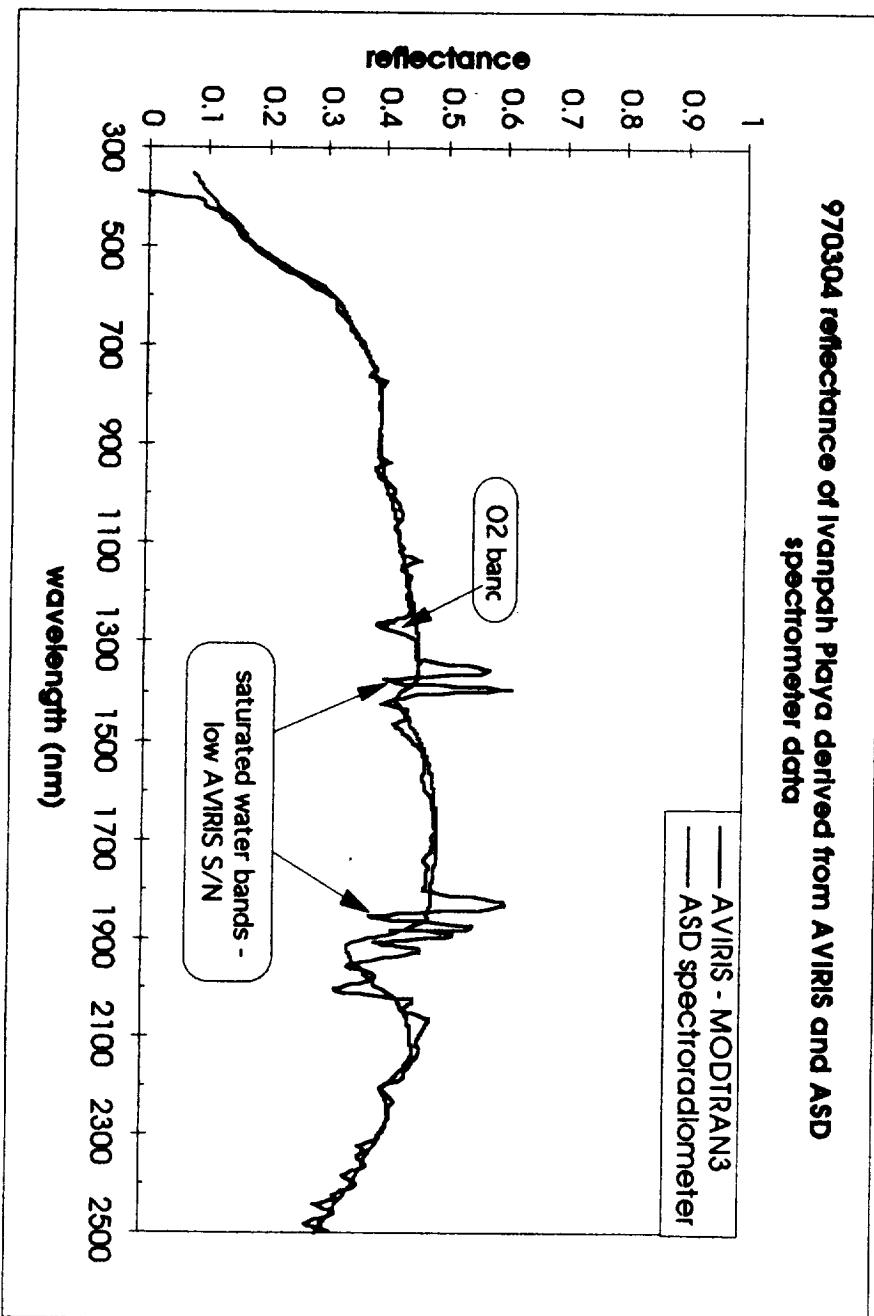
- ◆ 60km visibility, 23km rural aerosols
- ◆ MLS atmosphere, 11% scaled H₂O
- ◆ no clouds
- ◆ 20km sensor altitude, nadir-looking
- ◆ 0.8km playa surface altitude
- ◆ calculated at 5cm⁻¹ spacing
- ◆ convolved to 10nm AVIRIS SRF



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LIREBNE ISIBLE- NFRARED MAGING PECTROMETER

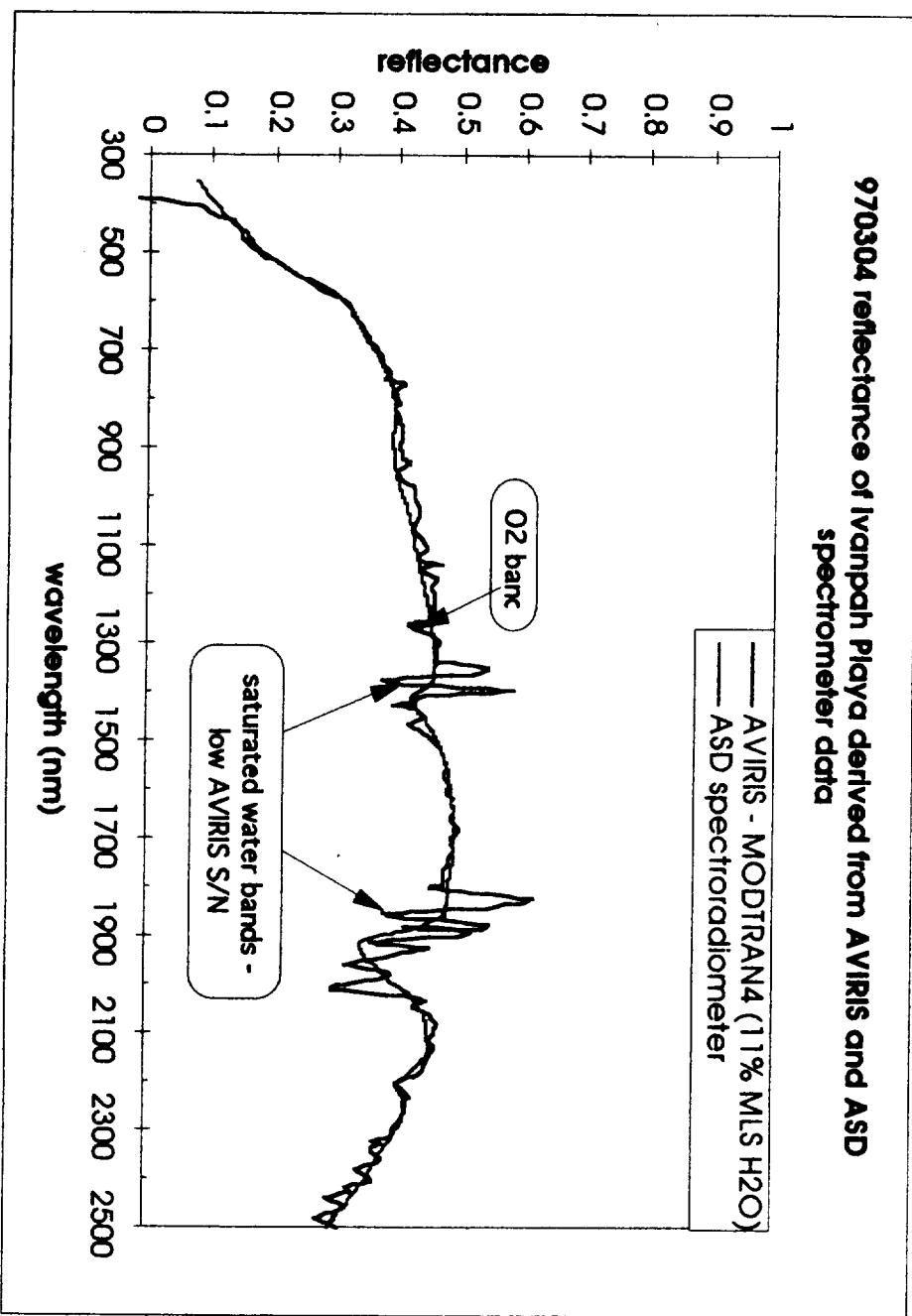
results using MODTRAN3



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IRBORNE ISIBLE- NFRARED MAGING PECTROMETER

results using MODTRAN4



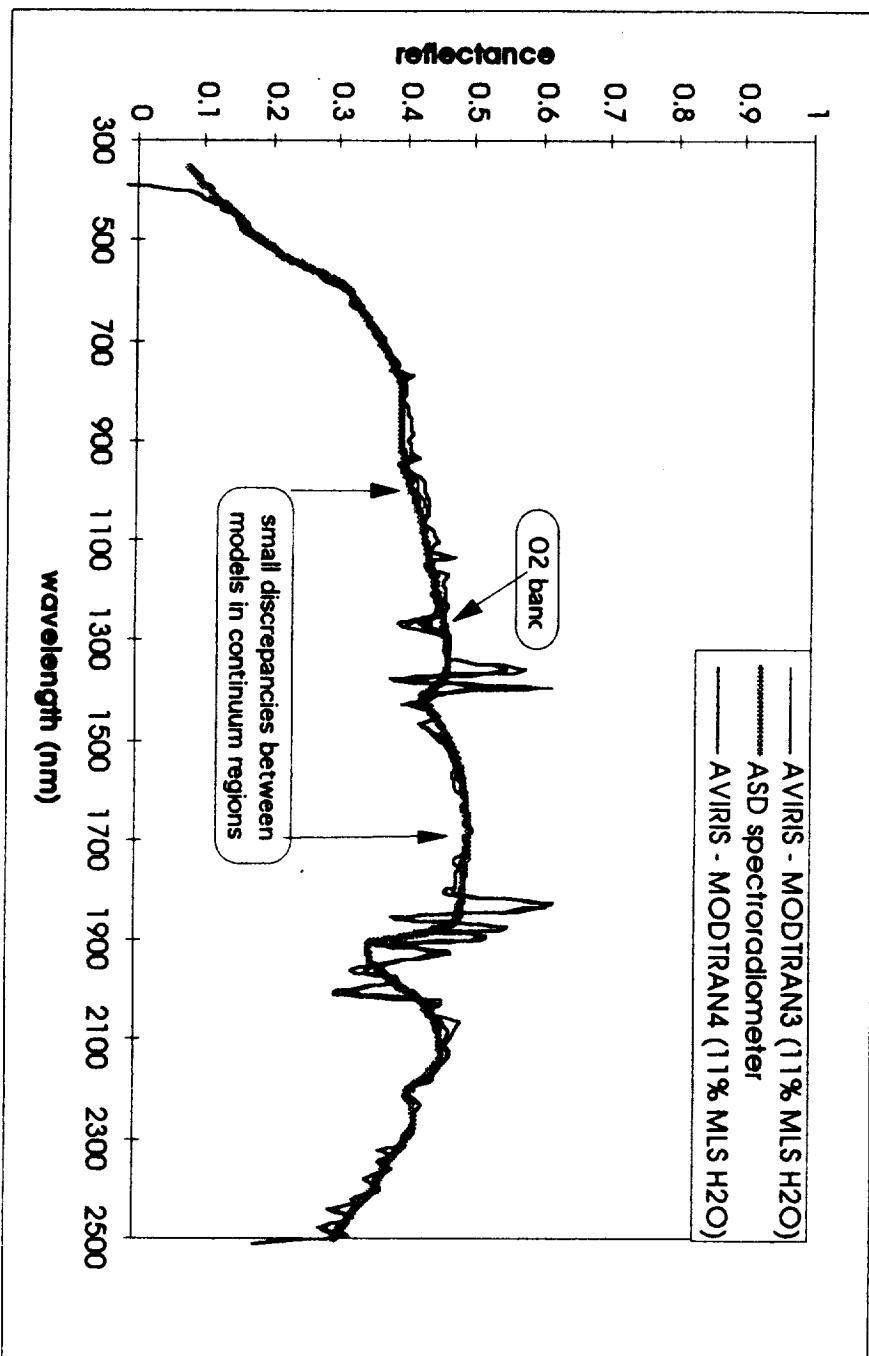
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MODTRAN 3/4 comparison

NASA



conclusions

- ◆ AVIRIS calibration experiments: a method to test MODTRAN in the reflected solar spectrum
- ◆ V. 3 and 4 provide comparable results
 - small discrepancies in continuum regions and 1290nm O₂ band
- ◆ V. 4 a better fit to 1290nm O₂ band

